## Relating the Standard and Vertex Forms (by Completing the Square)



## STANDARD FORM

$$y = -8x^2 + 80x + 7$$

We are able to obtain "vertex form" by completing the square.

$$y = -8(x^{2} - 10x) + 7$$

$$= -8(x^{2} - 10x + 35 - 35) + 7$$

$$= -8(x - 5)^{2} + 200 + 7$$

$$= -8(x - 5)^{2} + 207$$

## **VERTEX FORM**

$$y = -8(x-5)^2 + 207$$

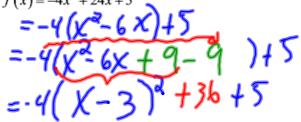
Ex. 1 Write each quadratic function in vertex form by completing the square.

a) 
$$y = x^2 + 8x + 10$$

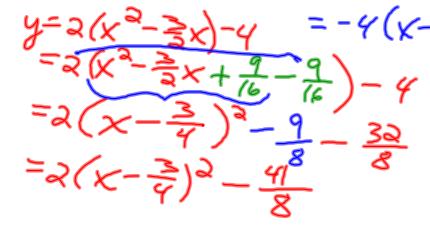
$$= (K + A)_{5} - 6$$
  
 $= X_{5} + 8K + 18 - 18 + 10$ 

b) 
$$f(x) = -4x^2 + 24x + 5$$

vs.



Ex. 2 Write  $y = 2x^2 - 3x - 4$  in vertex form.



Ex. 3 Judy wants to fence three sides of the yard in front of her house. She bought 100 m of fence and wants the maximum area she can fence in. The function  $A(x) = 100x - 2x^2$  represents the area to be enclosed, where x is the width of the yard in metres.

a) Write the function in vertex form.

 $A(x) = 100x - 3x^{2}$  $= -2x^{2} + 100x$ 

b) Find the maximum area that can be enclosed.

 $= -3(x^{2} - 35)^{2} + (35)$   $= -3(x^{2} - 50x + 635 - 635)$ 

the max area is 1250 m2