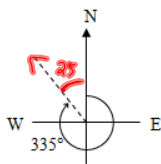


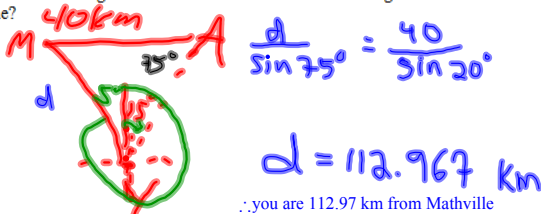
Unit 5 – Solving Problems Using Acute-Triangle Models

Date: Apr. 21/11

Bearing – A bearing is a clockwise angle from magnetic north. For example, the dashed line shows a bearing of 335°.



Ex. 0: Mathville is 40 km due west of Awesometown.
From where you are, Mathville is at a bearing of 355° and Awesometown is a bearing of 15°.
How far are you from Mathville?



$$\frac{d}{\sin 75^\circ} = \frac{40}{\sin 20^\circ}$$

$$d = 112.967 \text{ km}$$

∴ you are 112.97 km from Mathville

Ex. 1: A ladder leaning against a wall makes an angle of 31° with the wall. The ladder touches a box that is flush against the wall and the ground. The box has a height of 64 cm and a width of 27 cm.
How long, to the nearest centimetre is the ladder?



$$\sin 31^\circ = \frac{27}{x}$$

$$x = \frac{27}{\sin 31^\circ}$$

$$\approx 52.42$$

$$\sin 59^\circ = \frac{64}{y}$$

$$y = \frac{64}{\sin 59^\circ}$$

$$\approx 74.66$$

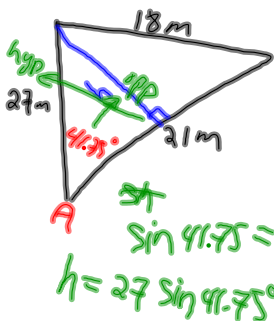
$$L = x + y$$

$$\approx 127.08$$

$$\approx 127.08 \text{ cm}$$

∴ the ladder is 127 cm in length

Ex. 2: Jim has a triangular backyard with side lengths of 27 m, 21 m and 18 m.
If 1 bag of fertilizer covers 400 m², does he have enough fertilizer to cover the lawn twice?
HINT: Find ∠A first !!!! and then find "h"



$$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}(21)(27 \sin 41.75^\circ)$$

$$\approx 189.777$$

$$\approx 189.78 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\cos A = \frac{27^2 + 21^2 - 18^2}{2(27)(21)}$$

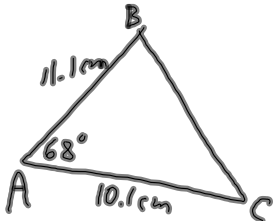
$$A = \cos^{-1}(0.74)$$

$$A \approx 41.752$$

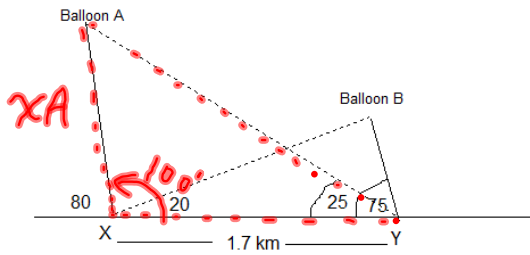
$$\approx 41.75$$

∴ Jim has enough fertilizer to cover the lawn twice, with 22.44 m² left over.

Ex. 3: Solve $\triangle ABC$: $\angle A = 68^\circ$, $b = 10.1 \text{ cm}$, $c = 11.1 \text{ cm}$



Ex. 4: Two observers standing at points X and Y are 1.7 km apart. Each person measures angles of elevation to two balloons, A and B, flying overhead as shown. (Round your answers to the nearest tenth of a km)



a) How far is balloon A from point X? From point Y?

$$\frac{YA}{\sin 100^\circ} = \frac{1.7}{\sin 55^\circ}$$

$$YA = 2.04 \approx 2.0 \text{ km}$$

∴ balloon A is 2.0 km from Y

$$\frac{XA}{\sin 25^\circ} = \frac{1.7}{\sin 55^\circ}$$

$$XA = \frac{1.7 \sin 25^\circ}{\sin 55^\circ} \approx 0.87 \approx 0.9 \text{ km}$$

∴ balloon A is 0.9 km from X

b) How far is balloon B from point X? From point Y?

$$\frac{YB}{\sin 85^\circ} = \frac{1.7}{\sin 20^\circ}$$

$$YB = \frac{1.7 \sin 20^\circ}{\sin 85^\circ} \approx 0.58 \approx 0.6 \text{ km}$$

∴ balloon B is 0.6 km from Y

$$\frac{XB}{\sin 75^\circ} = \frac{1.7}{\sin 85^\circ}$$

$$XB = \frac{1.7 \sin 75^\circ}{\sin 85^\circ} \approx 1.64 \approx 1.6 \text{ km}$$

∴ balloon B is 1.6 km from X

c) How far apart are balloons A and B?

$$AB^2 = 1.6^2 + 0.9^2 - 2(1.6)(0.9) \cos 80^\circ$$

$$AB^2 \approx 2.86$$

$$AB \approx 1.69 \text{ km}$$

∴ balloons A and B are 1.69 km apart

Ex. 5: Do p. 310 # 11 (if time permits)

Homework: p. 309 # 1 – 10, 12, 13
p. 313 READ
(Work ahead on the review)