

## Today's Learning Goal(s):

By the end of the class, I will be able to:

- a) factor trinomials of the form  $ax^2 + bx + c$

First  
QUIZ 2  
FACTORING

Yesterday's homework

pp. 240-241 #3cf, 4cf, 5cf, 6b, 7cef, 8d, 9d, 11d

$$-1+6 = 5$$

$$-2+3 = 1$$

No Handout Today or Tomorrow; see website.

P241 5f)  $r^2 + 2r - 6$

7c)  $5z^2 + 40z + 60$

$$= (r+3)(r-2)$$

DNF

$$= 5(z^2 + 8z + 12)$$

$$= 5(z+2)(z+6)$$

$$\begin{array}{cc} 1 & 12 \\ +2 & +6 \\ 3 & 4 \end{array}$$

$$x^2 - 6x - 16$$

11d)  $x^2 - 6xy - 16y^2$

$$= (x - 8y)(x + 2y)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \quad -16 \\ +2 \quad -8 = -6 \\ \hline 4 \quad -4 \end{array}$$

MPM 2DI 5.5 Factor Quadratic Expressions of the Form  $ax^2 + bx + c$  (Day 1)

Warm-up: Expand and simplify.

Date: Apr. 27/16

a)  $(2x+3)(3x+5)$     b)  $(x+3)(6x+5)$     c)  $(3x-5)(2x+3)$     d)  $(2x-5y)(x-3y)$

$= 6x^2 + 10x + 9x + 15 = 6x^2 + 19x + 15$      $= 6x^2 + 5x + 18x + 15 = 6x^2 + 23x + 15$      $= 6x^2 + 9x - 10x - 15 = 6x^2 - x - 15$      $= 2x^2 - 6xy - 5xy + 15y^2 = 2x^2 - 11xy + 15y^2$

Ex.1 Factor fully, if possible. **Method 1:** The "A,C Chart"

a)  $6x^2 + 19x + 15$

$= (2x+3)(3x+5)$

1	A	6	1	C	15
2		3	3		5
		✓			✓
		2x+5			(2x+3)
		3x+3			(3x+5)
		= 6+15			= 10+9
		= 21			= 19

b)  $6x^2 - x - 15$

$= (3x-5)(2x+3)$

1	A	6	1	C	15
2		3	3		5
		2x-5			(2x+3)
		3x-3			(3x-5)
		= 10-9			= -10+9
		= 1			= -1

Ex.2 Factor fully, if possible.

a)  $5x^2 - 23x + 12$        $\begin{matrix} 1 & 5 \\ 2 & 6 \\ 3 & 4 \end{matrix}$   
 $= (5x - 3)(x - 4)$

$\begin{matrix} 1 & -3 \\ 5 & -4 \end{matrix}$        $\begin{matrix} (1x - 4) \\ (5x - 3) \end{matrix}$   
 $= -4 - 15$        $= -20 - 3$   
 $= -19$              $= -23$

b)  $10x^2 + 39x + 14$        $\begin{matrix} 1 & 10 & & 1 & 14 \\ 2 & 5 & & 2 & 7 \end{matrix}$   
 $= (2x + 7)(5x + 2)$        $\begin{matrix} (2 & 7) \\ (5 & 2) \end{matrix}$   
 $35 + 4$

c)  $6x^2 + 13xy - 15y^2$        $\begin{matrix} 1 & 6 \\ 2 & 3 \end{matrix}$        $\begin{matrix} 1 & 15 \\ 3 & 5 \end{matrix}$   
 $= (x + 3y)(6x - 5y)$

$\begin{matrix} 2 & -3 \\ 3 & -5 \end{matrix}$        $\begin{matrix} 1 & -3 \\ 6 & -5 \end{matrix}$   
 $= -10 + 9$        $= 5 - 18$   
 $= -1$                $= -13$

d)  $10x^2 - 33x - 7$        $\begin{matrix} 1 & 10 & & 1 & 7 \\ 2 & 5 & & 1 & 7 \end{matrix}$   
 $= (2x - 7)(5x + 1)$

$\begin{matrix} 2 & -1 \\ 5 & 7 \end{matrix}$        $\begin{matrix} 2 & -7 \\ 5 & 1 \end{matrix}$   
 $= 14 - 5$        $= -2 - 35$   
 $= 9$                $= -33$

**Today's entertainment:** p.246 #2, 3, 4

**Enrichment:** p. 247 #17, 18