

Are there any Homework Questions you would like to see on the board?

Last day's work: pp. 46-49 #2 - 4, (5 - 7)ace, 12

[19, 20]

Se

Today's Homework Practice includes:

pp. 76-77 #1 - 5, 7, 8, 10, 12* - 19

*use web fix

P.47 5c)

$$f(x) = 6 - 5x$$

$$y = 6 - 5x$$

$$x = 6 - 5y$$

$$5y = -x + 6$$

$$y = \frac{-x + 6}{5}$$

$$\text{same as } f^{-1}(x) = \frac{6-x}{5}$$

Review for Chapter 1 - Introduction to Functions

1. Describe the transformations to $f(x)$

$$g(x) = -3f\left(\frac{1}{2}(x-2)\right) + 4$$

reflect the "y"

reflection in x-axis

V.S. by a factor of 3

H.S. by a factor of 2

translate 2 right & 4 up

2. a) Write an equation using the **square root** mother function for the following transformations:

-Vertical compression by a factor of $\frac{1}{3}$

$$y = \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{-\frac{1}{2}(x+4)} + 5$$

-Horizontal stretch by a factor of 2

-Reflection in the y-axis

-Translated vertically up 5

-Translated horizontally left 4

- b) Write an equation for the above transformations if the mother function is the **reciprocal** function.

$$y = \frac{\frac{1}{3}}{-\frac{1}{2}(x+4)} + 5$$

3. If $(-2, 5)$ is a point on the function, determine the coordinates of the image of this point on the graph.

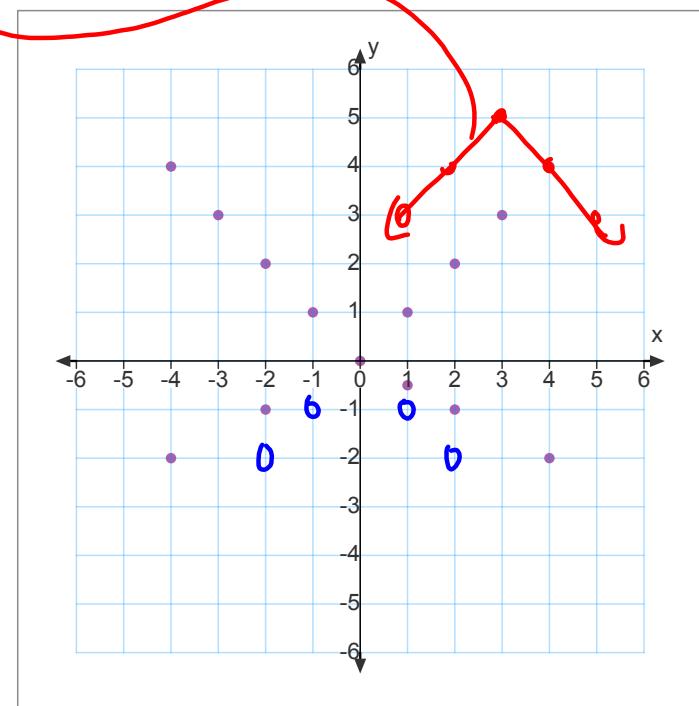
$$f(x) = -2f\left(\frac{1}{3}(x-4)\right) + 6$$

$$\begin{aligned} (x, y) &\rightarrow (3x+4, -2y+6) \\ &\rightarrow (3(-2)+4, -2(5)+6) \\ &\rightarrow (-6+4, -10+6) \\ &\rightarrow (-2, -4) \end{aligned}$$

4. Graph each of the following functions and determine the domain and range.

a) $y = -\frac{1}{2}|2x - 6| + 5$

$$= -\frac{1}{2}|2(x-3)| + 5$$

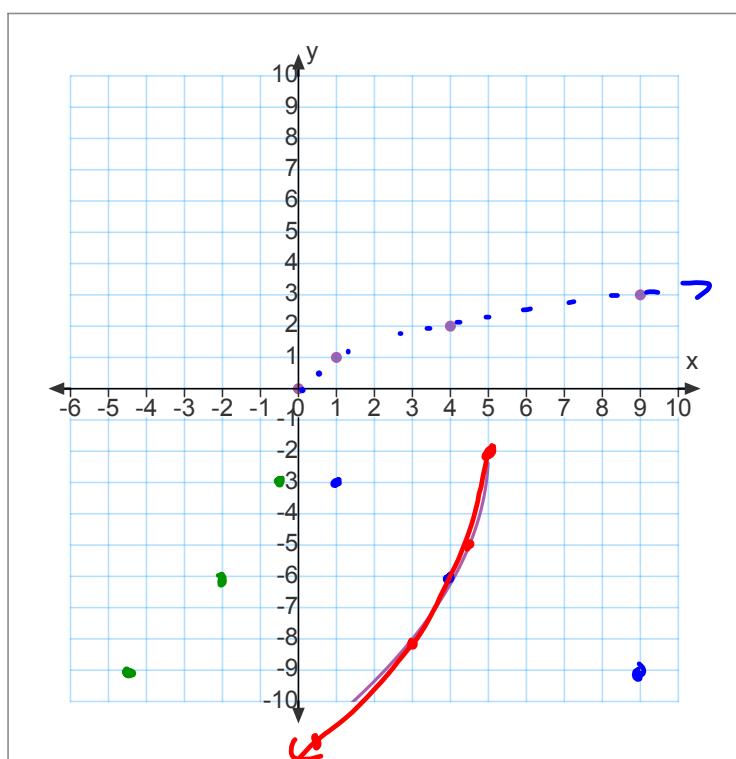


b) $f(x) = -3\sqrt{-2x+10} - 2$

$$y = -3\sqrt{-2x+10} - 2$$

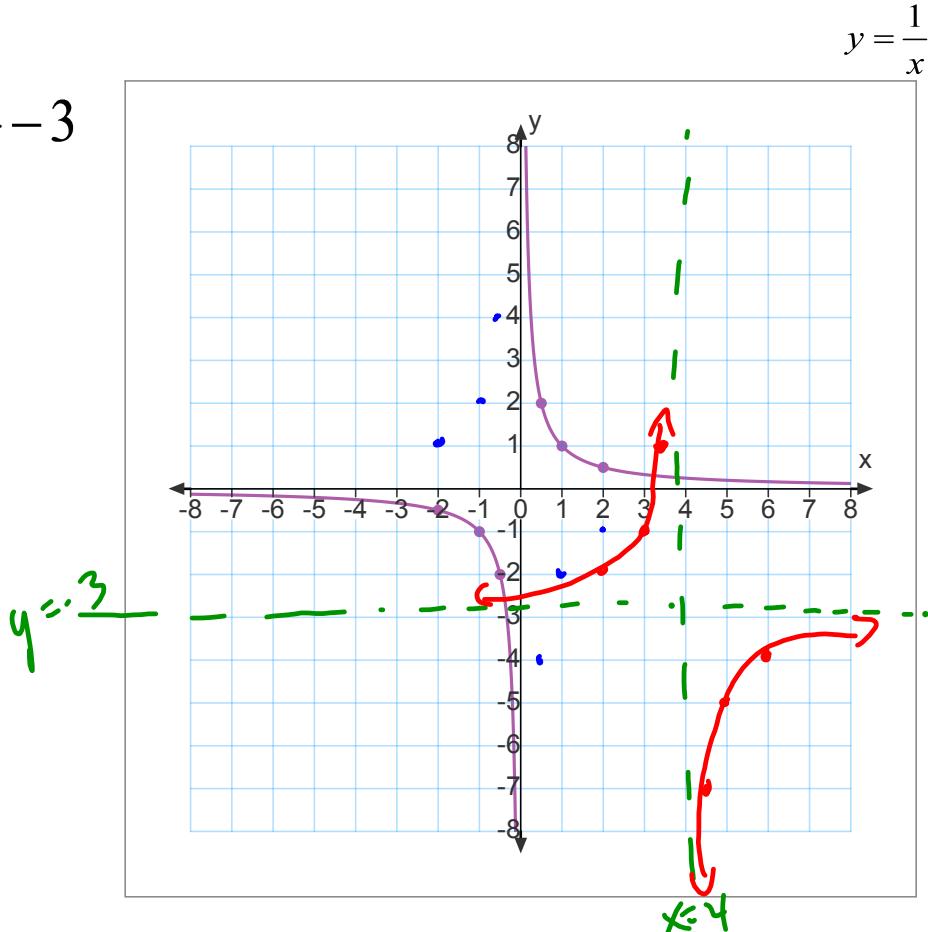
$$= -3\sqrt{-2(x-5)} - 2$$

=



c) $y = -\frac{2}{x-4} - 3$





5. If $f(x) = 3x - 5$ and $g(x) = 2x^2 - 5$

Determine each of the following:

a) $f(-2)$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 3(-2) - 5 \\ &= -6 - 5 \\ &= -11 \end{aligned}$$

b) $f(2) + g(-2)$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 3(2) - 5 + 2(-2)^2 - 5 \\ &= 1 + 3 \end{aligned}$$

c) $g(x-3)$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 2(x-3)^2 - 5 \\ &= 2(x^2 - 6x + 9) - 5 \\ &= 2x^2 - 12x + 18 - 5 \\ &= 2x^2 - 12x + 13 \end{aligned}$$

d) $f(x) = -3$

$$\begin{aligned} -3 &= 3x - 5 \\ -3 + 5 &= 3x \\ 2 &= 3x \\ \frac{2}{3} &= x \end{aligned}$$

6. Determine the inverse of each of the following functions

a) $f(x) = 4x - 5$

$$\begin{aligned} x &= 4y - 5 \\ x + 5 &= 4y \\ \frac{x+5}{4} &= y \\ f^{-1}(x) &= \frac{x+5}{4} \end{aligned}$$

b) $\{(-5, 3), (2, 4), (6, -1), (-2, 8)\}$

Inverse $\{(3, -5), (4, 2), (-1, 6), (8, -2)\}$

c) $y = -3(x - 5)^2 + 8$

$$x = -3(y - 5)^2 + 8$$

$$\frac{x - 8}{-3} = (y - 5)^2$$

$$\pm\sqrt{\frac{x-8}{-3}} = y - 5$$

$$\pm\sqrt{\frac{x-8}{-3}} + 5 = y$$

$\not\equiv$ a function

d) $f(x) = -2\sqrt{3x - 6} + 5$

$$x = -2\sqrt{3y - 6} + 5$$

$$\frac{x - 5}{-2} = \sqrt{3y - 6}$$

$$\left(\frac{x-5}{-2}\right)^2 = 3y - 6$$

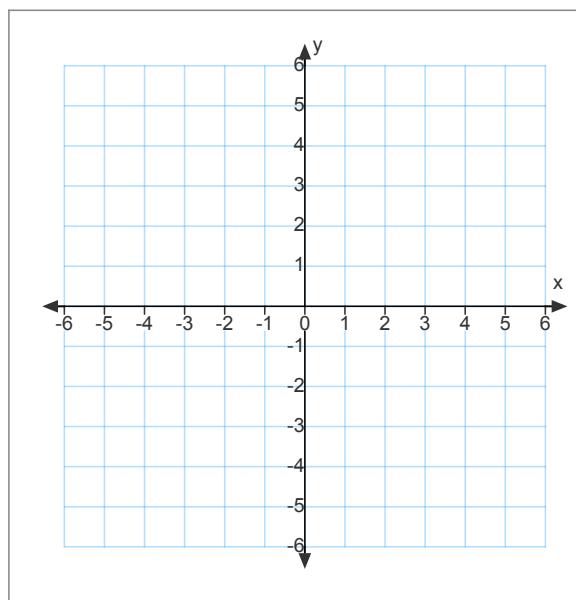
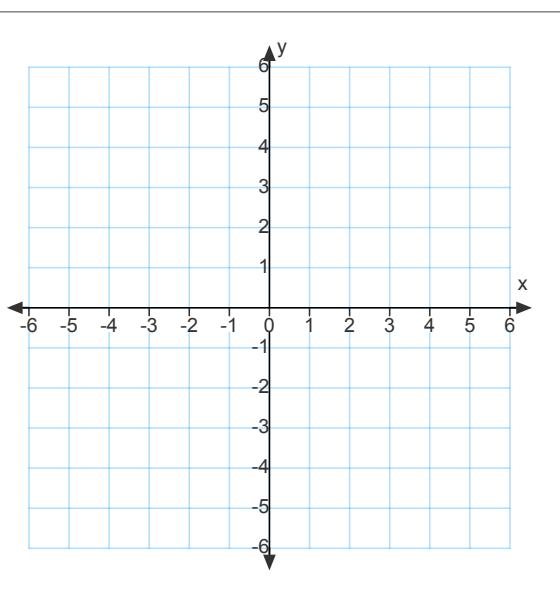
$$\left(\frac{x-5}{-2}\right)^2 + 6 = 3y$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{x-5}{-2}\right)^2 + 6}{3} = y$$

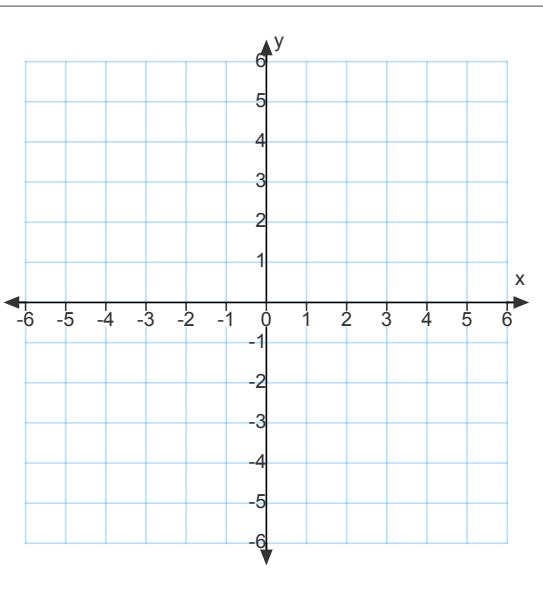
7. Graph each of the original functions and their inverses from #6

a) $f(x) = 4x - 5$

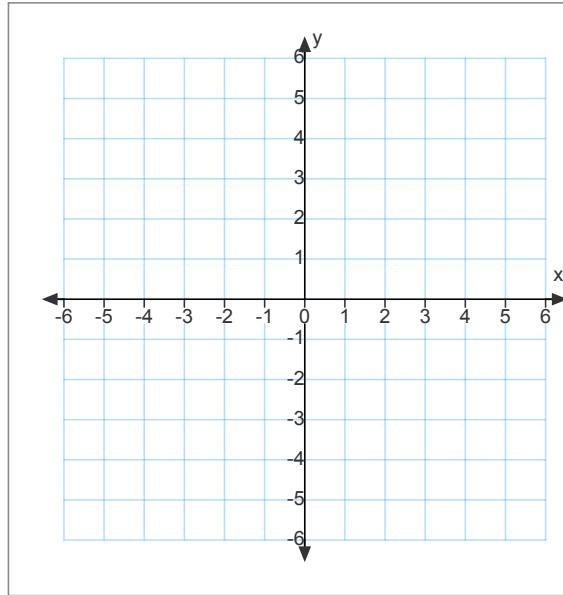
b) $\{(-5, 3), (2, 4), (6, -1), (-2, 8)\}$



c) $y = -3(x - 5)^2 + 8$

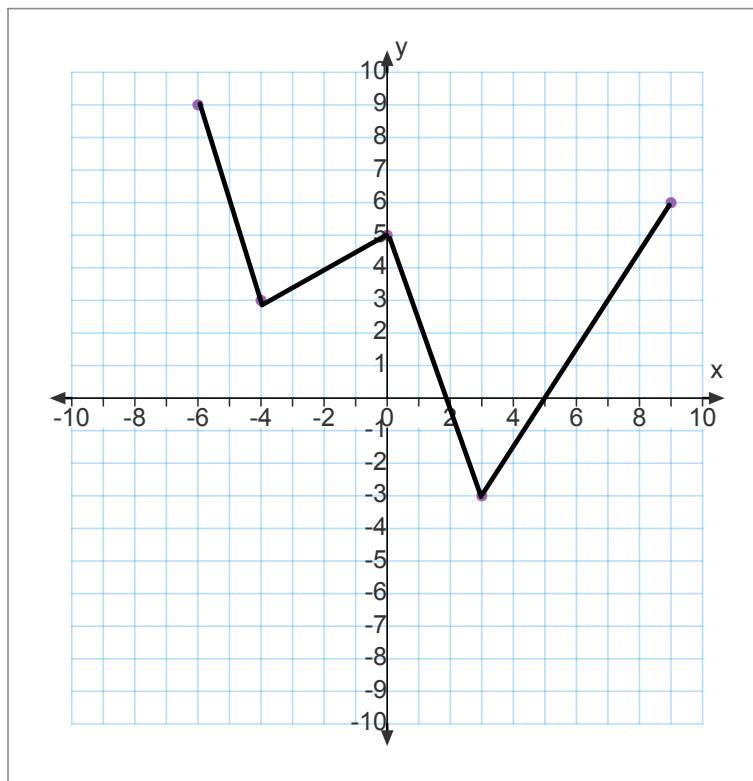


d) $f(x) = -2\sqrt{3x - 6} + 5$



8. Determine the domain and range of each inverse function above.

9. Given $f(x)$, graph $f(-2x)$.



10. Determine the domain and range of each function in all the questions above.

11. Be able to identify what are functions and WHY - just like quiz

Go over old quizzes and homework