

## Trigonometric Identities

Prove each of the following identities:

a)  $\tan A + \cot A = \sec A \cdot \csc A$

b)  $\cot^2 a = \cos^2 a + (\cot a \cdot \cos a)^2$

c)  $\frac{1}{\sec^2 \theta} = \sin^2 \theta \cdot \cos^2 \theta + \cos^4 \theta$

d)  $\cot \theta \cdot \sec \theta = \csc \theta$

e)  $\sec^2 \theta + \csc^2 \theta = \frac{1}{\sin^2 \theta \cdot \cos^2 \theta}$

f)  $\frac{1 + \tan^2 \theta}{1 + \cot^2 \theta} = \tan^2 \theta$

g)  $\frac{\sec^2 \alpha - \cos^2 \alpha}{\tan^2 \alpha} = 1 + \cos^2 \alpha$

h)  $\sin A \cdot \cos A \cdot \tan A = 1 - \cos^2 A$

i)  $\frac{\csc^2 \rho - \sin^2 \rho}{\csc^2 \rho \cdot (2 - \cos^2 \rho)} = \cos^2 \rho$

j)  $(1 + \tan^2 x)(1 - \cos^2 x) = \tan^2 x$

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