

Compound Interest Warm-Up # 2 (on the small handout)

1. Find i , the interest rate per compounding period,
and n , the number of compounding periods for each:

- a) 4% per year for 7 years, compounded semi-annually b) 6% per year for 5 years, compounded monthly c) 8% per year for 3 years, compounded quarterly

$$i = \frac{0.04}{2}$$

$$n = 7 \times 2 = 14$$

$$i = \frac{0.06}{12}$$

$$n = 5 \times 12 = 60$$

$$i = \frac{0.08}{4}$$

$$n = 3 \times 4 = 12$$

2. Calculate the amount of a \$1000 investment that was invested at 6% per year, compounded semi-annually for 2 years.

$$A = P(1+i)^n$$

$$A = ? = 1000 \left(1 + \frac{0.06}{2}\right)^4$$

$$P = 1000$$

$$i = \frac{0.06}{2}$$

$$\div 1125.508$$

$$\div \$1125.51$$

$$n = 2 \times 2 = 4$$

\$1125.51

3. Solve for P.

$$a) \frac{15}{2} = \frac{P(2)}{2}$$

$$\frac{15}{2} = P$$

$$7.5 = P$$

$$b) 15 = \frac{P(2)^3}{2^3}$$

$$1.875 = P$$

$$a) P = 7.5$$

$$b) P = 1.875$$

Before we begin, are there any questions from last day's work?

Today's Learning Goal(s):

By the end of the class, I will be able to:

- a) calculate the present value of an investment.

This means we want to calculate

how much money we need now, (the present value),

if we know how much we want/need at the end (the future value).

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Present Value



Date: _____

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<p>We will still use the formula:</p> $A = P(1 + i)^n$ <p>A is the final amount</p> <p>P is the principal (original amount)</p> <p>n is the number compounding periods</p> <p>i is the interest rate <u>per</u> compounding period</p>	<p>It is sometimes written with different variables:</p> $FV = PV(1 + i)^n$ <p>FV is the Future Value (the final amount you will owe, or receive)</p> <p>PV is the Present Value (the money invested or borrowed NOW)</p> <p>n is the number compounding periods</p> <p>i is the interest rate <u>per</u> compounding period</p>
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Ex.1 Abi and Niera plan to invest some money on the birth of their daughter, so that there will be \$10 000 on her 16th birthday.

They will invest their money at 8%/a, compounded **semi-annually.**
(per annum)

- a) How much do they need to invest today? b) How much interest will their investment earn?

$$A = 10\,000 \quad A = P(1+i)^n$$

$$P = ? \quad \frac{10000 = P(1 + \frac{0.08}{2})^{32}}{(1 + \frac{0.08}{2})^{32}} = P$$

$$i = \frac{0.08}{2}$$

$$n = 16 \times 2 = 32$$

$$P = \frac{10000}{(1 + \frac{0.08}{2})^{32}} = 2850.579$$

$$= 2850.58$$

they need to invest \$ 2 850.58 now, to have \$10 000 on her 16th birthday.

$$A = P + I$$

$$I = A - P$$

$$= 10000 - 2850.58$$

$$= 7149.42$$

their investment earned
\$ 7149.42 in interest.

- a) \$2850.58 b) \$7149.42

In your notebook, complete:

Last Day's Work pp. 432-434 #2, 3, 6, 8, 12, 15, if it is not already complete.

Check your answers with the textbook answers as you work. Ask for help if they don't match.

Present Value: pp. 439-441 #2ab, 4, 6, 7, 9, 10, 13, 16a **(Be prepared for SWYK 8.1).**