

Warm-up: Using Desmos, complete the solution to p.142#14.

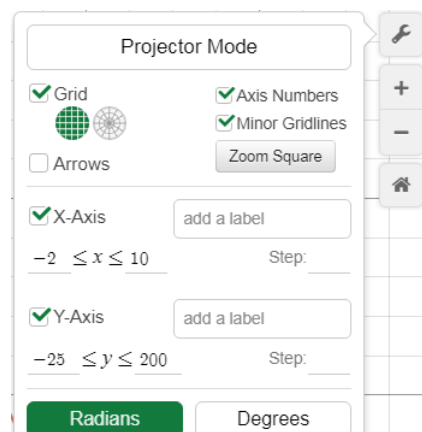
****Your solution will NOT be algebraic!!! Use the graph to answer the question.**

Use graph settings:



$$-2 \leq x \leq 10$$

$$-25 \leq y \leq 200$$



Today's Learning Goal(s):

By the end of the class, I will be able to:

- Use graphs to solve quadratic equations.
- Connect graphs to the solutions of a quadratic equation.

MCF 3MI

3.3 Solving Quadratic Equations by Graphing

Date: Mar. 19/18
(Every lesson)

Ex. 1 Given the quadratic equation $0 = -x^2 + 4x + 12$,

solve it by sketching the corresponding quadratic function: $f(x) = -x^2 + 4x + 12$.

$\left(\frac{b}{2}\right)^2$ The x-intercepts (or zeros) of the function are the solutions (or roots) of the equation.

$f(x) = -x^2 + 4x + 12$ (complete the square)

$0 = -x^2 + 4x + 12$ (factor)

$$= -(x^2 - 4x) + 12$$

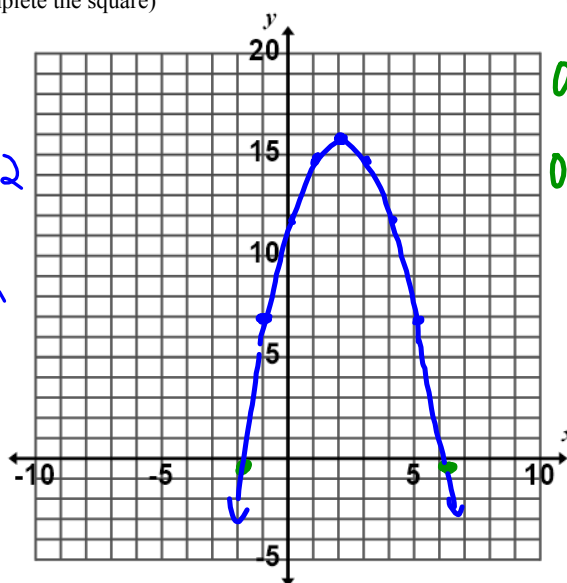
$$= -(x^2 - 4x + 4 - 4) + 12$$

$$= -((x-2)^2 - 4) + 12$$

$$= -(x-2)^2 + 4 + 12$$

$$= -(x-2)^2 + 16$$

$$V(2, 16)$$



MG $a = -1$

1 -1

2 -4

3 -9

$A \times B = 0$
 $A = 0 \vee B = 0$

$$0 = -(x^2 - 4x - 12)$$

$$0 = -(x-6)(x+2)$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$x-6=0 \vee x+2=0$$

$$x=6 \vee x=-2$$

$$\leftarrow$$

$$Add: x = \frac{6+(-2)}{2}$$

$$= \frac{4}{2}$$

$$x=2$$

Ex. 2 Determine the solution to the quadratic equation $x^2 - 6x + 8 = 3$ by graphing.

Method 1

$$y = x^2 - 6x + 8$$

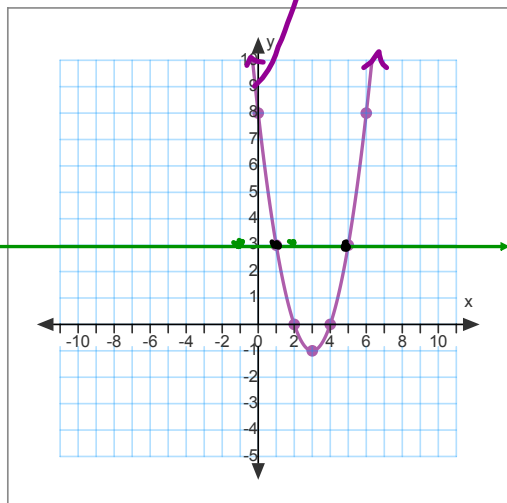
$$= \underbrace{x^2 - 6x + 9}_{(x-3)^2} - 9 + 8$$

$$= (x-3)^2 - 1$$

$$= (x-3)^2 - 1$$

$$V(3, -1)$$

$$y = 3$$



$$y = 3 \quad (-1, 3)$$

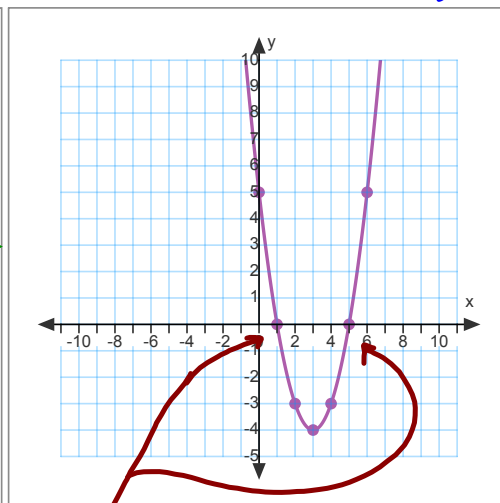
$$(2, 3)$$

Method 2

$$x^2 - 6x + 8 = 3$$

$$x^2 - 6x + 8 - 3 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 6x + 5 = 0$$



$$y = x^2 - 6x + 5$$

$$= x^2 - 6x + 9 - 9 + 5$$

$$= (x-3)^2 - 4$$

$$\therefore V(3, -4)$$

\therefore the solutions are
 $x = 1$ and $x = 5$
 [the x-intercepts]

\therefore the graphs are equal
 when $x = 1$ and $x = 5$

Homework: READ p.154 CAREFULLY, and ask me if anything is unclear!

Complete: pp. 149-151 # 1b, 4ace, 11, 13
 p. 155 #1, 2, 3ad, 5a, 6a, 7