

*Before we begin, are there any questions from last day's work?*

## Today's Learning Goal(s):

By the end of the class, I will be able to:

- a) calculate the arc length of circle.
- b) calculate the area of a sector of a circle.

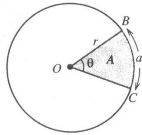
**Cake Decorating assignment due today.**

**Project Renovation assignment past due.**

6.9.1: Arc Length and Sector Area

Date: May 29/18

There are problems that often occur in industry that involve arcs and sectors of circles. Consider the following diagram:



A circle of radius  $r$  is drawn, with sector  $BOC$  bounded by 2 radii,  $OB$  and  $OC$ , and an arc  $BC$ , of length  $a$ . The area of the sector is  $A$ , and the sector angle at the centre  $O$  is  $\theta$ , measured in degrees.

We can use the proportional relationship:  $\frac{\text{arc length}}{\text{circumference}} = \frac{\text{sector area}}{\text{area of circle}} = \frac{\text{sector angle}}{\text{complete rotation}}$

So, if  $\frac{a}{2\pi r} = \frac{A}{\pi r^2} = \frac{\theta}{360^\circ}$

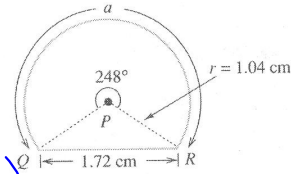
then  $\frac{a}{2\pi r} = \frac{\theta}{360^\circ}$  and  $\frac{A}{\pi r^2} = \frac{\theta}{360^\circ}$   $a = \left(\frac{\theta}{360^\circ}\right) 2\pi r$

and isolating, [arc length]  $a = 2\pi r \left(\frac{\theta}{360^\circ}\right)$  and [sector area]  $A = \pi r^2 \left(\frac{\theta}{360^\circ}\right)$

Thus both the arc length,  $a$ , and sector area,  $A$ , can be calculated once the radius,  $r$ , and the sector angle,  $\theta$ , in degrees, are known.

Ex. 1 A cam for a sewing machine's stitching-control cycle is circular in shape, with a flat side, and has the dimensions shown.

a) Calculate the total perimeter of the cam. (to 3 decimal places)

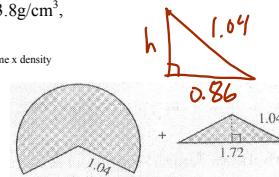


a)  $P = \text{---} + \text{---}$   
 $= 1.72 + a$   
 $= 1.72 + 4.502$   
 $= 6.222 \text{ cm}$

$a = \frac{248}{360} 2\pi r$   
 $= \frac{248}{360} (2\pi (1.04))$   
 $= 4.5015$   
 $= 4.502$

b) If the cam is 0.36 cm thick and is made from an alloy whose density is 3.8g/cm<sup>3</sup>, determine the mass of the cam. (to 3 decimal places)

Hint: the cam is a prism, Volume<sub>prism</sub> = Area<sub>base</sub> X height, then mass = volume x density



$A_{\text{base}} = A_{\text{sector}} + A_{\text{Triangle}}$

$= 2.341 + 0.503$   
 $= 2.844 \text{ cm}^2$

$V = A_{\text{base}} \times h$   
 $= 2.844 \times 0.36$   
 $= 1.0238$   
 $= 1.024 \text{ cm}^3$

Mass<sub>cam</sub> = DV  
 $= 3.8 \times 1.024$   
 $= 3.8912$   
 $= 3.891 \text{ g}$

$A_{\text{sector}} = \frac{\theta}{360} (\pi r^2)$   
 $= \frac{248}{360} \pi (1.04)^2$   
 $= 2.3408$   
 $= 2.341$

$A_{\Delta} = \frac{1}{2} b h$   
 $= \frac{1}{2} (1.72) (0.36)$   
 $= 0.5031$   
 $= 0.503$

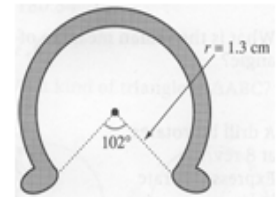
$h^2 = 1.04^2 - 0.86^2$   
 $h = \sqrt{0.342}$   
 $= 0.5848$   
 $= 0.585$

$\therefore$  the mass of the cam is 3.891 g.

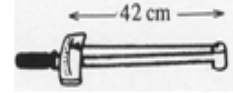
## 6.9.2 Arc Length and Sector Area

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

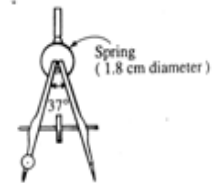
1. A snap-ring retainer clip with dimensions shown is part of a universal joint assembly, and fits snugly around the bearing cap when assembled.  
What length of the clip is in contact with the bearing cap? (to 2 decimal places)



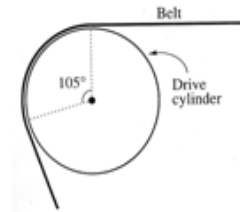
2. The pointer on a torque wrench is 42 cm long, and moves through an angle of  $16^\circ$ .  
Through what distance does the tip of the pointer move? (to 1 decimal place)



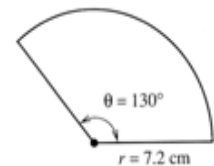
3. Calculate the length of the spring on the bow compasses shown. (to 2 decimal places)



4. The belt on a copier machine is in contact with a drive cylinder over  $105^\circ$  of its surface, as shown. If the length of contact is 5.62 cm, what is the radius of the drive cylinder? (to 2 decimal places)



5. The vent cover on a forced air heating system is in the form of a sector of a circle.  
Determine the area of sheet metal used to make the vent cover. (to 1 decimal place)



$$\begin{aligned}
 A_{\text{sector}} &= \frac{\theta}{360^\circ} \pi r^2 \\
 &= \left( \frac{130^\circ}{360^\circ} \right) \pi (7.2)^2 \\
 &\approx 58.81 \\
 &\approx 58.8 \text{ cm}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

6. The safety shield for a motor pulley drive has the dimensions shown.

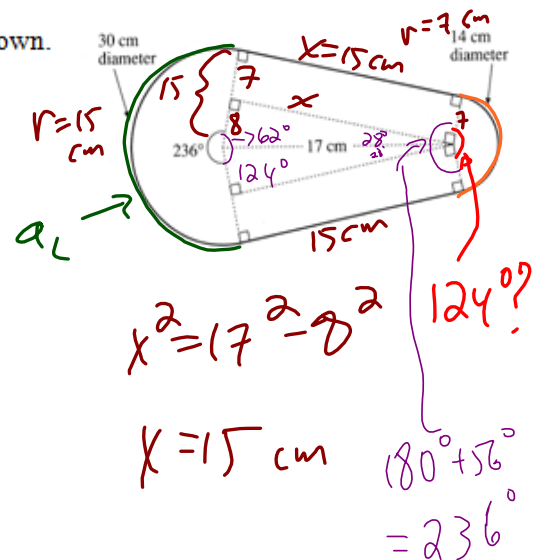
- a) Calculate the perimeter of the shield. (to 1 decimal place)  
 b) Determine the area of the shield. (to 1 decimal place)

$$\begin{aligned} a) \quad a_L &= \left( \frac{236^\circ}{360^\circ} \right) 2\pi(15) \\ &= 61.7846 \\ &= 61.785 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a_s &= \left( \frac{124}{360} \right) 2\pi(7) \\ &= 15.1494 \\ &= 15.149 \end{aligned}$$

$\therefore$  Perimeter

$$\begin{aligned} &= 15 + 61.785 + 15 + 15.149 \\ &= 106.934 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$



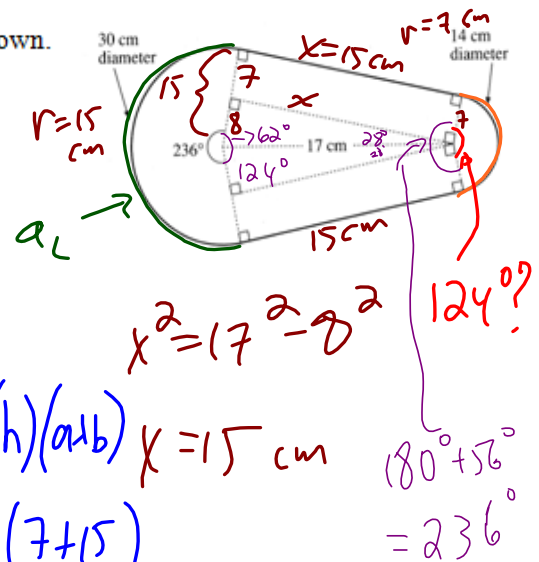
#### Answers

1. 5.85 cm
2. 11.7 cm
3. 5.07 cm
4. 3.07 cm
5. 58.8 cm<sup>2</sup>
6. (a) 106.9 cm  
(b) 846.4 cm<sup>2</sup>

6. The safety shield for a motor pulley drive has the dimensions shown.

a) Calculate the perimeter of the shield. (to 1 decimal place)

b) Determine the area of the shield. (to 1 decimal place)



$$b) A_{\text{total}} = A_{\text{sector}_L} + A_{\text{sector}_S} + 2A_{\text{TRAP}}$$

$$= \left(\frac{236^\circ}{360^\circ}\right)\pi(15^2) + \left(\frac{124^\circ}{360^\circ}\right)\pi(7^2) + 2\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)(h)(a+b)$$

$$\doteq 463.38 + 53.02 + (15)(7+15)$$

$$\doteq 846.408$$

$$\doteq 846.4 \text{ cm}^2$$

#### Answers

1. 5.85 cm
2. 11.7 cm
3. 5.07 cm
4. 3.07 cm
5. 58.8 cm<sup>2</sup>
6. (a) 106.9 cm  
(b) 846.4 cm<sup>2</sup>