1.3.3: Crossing Curves

Date:

Use desmos to answer the following questions.

Adjust the window settings as appropriate for each question.

1. Determine the point of intersection of each pair of functions graphically.

a)
$$y = 2^{x+4}$$
 and $y = 2^7$
Settings $(-6 \le x \le 6, -50 \le y \le 500)$

d)
$$f(x) = 6^{-x}$$
 and $f(x) = 8^{x+3}$
Settings $(-6 \le x \le 6, -5 \le y \le 50)$

b)
$$y = 9^6$$
 and $y = 27^x$
Settings $(-6 \le x \le 6, -50\ 000 \le y \le 700\ 000)$

e)
$$y = 3^{x+15}$$
 and $y = 27^{2x}$
Settings (-6 \le x \le 6, -70 000 000 \le y \le 600 000 000)

c)
$$f(x) = 6^{-x}$$
 and $y = 36^5$
Settings $(-12 \le x \le 6, --50\ 000 \le y \le 70\ 000\ 000)$
OR $(-12 \le x \le 6, --5x10^6 \le y \le 7x10^7)$

f)
$$y = -x + 1$$
 and $y = 6^{-x}$
Settings $(-6 \le x \le 6, -0.5 \le y \le 1.5)$

- 2. a) Consider question 1(a) and the solution you determined. How is the solution related to the expressions given for the exponents?
 - b) Suggest a rule for solving exponential equations without graphing.
 - c) Can you solve questions (b) through (e) in the same way? Why or why not?
- 3. All has saved \$5000. He checked the website of a prominent bank. The rate for a savings account is 0.05% per annum, while the rate for a GIC is 3.85% per annum, both compounded annually. Al doesn't believe he wants to invest all \$5000 for 5 years. He compared saving \$5000 in the savings account to saving \$4500 in the GIC. How long will it take for the investments to be equal in value?
- 4. The SarJen marketing company has determined that the effect on customers of a particular advertising campaign is modelled according to the function $A = 100(1.7^{-0.08x})$, where x is the time in weeks since the end of the advertising campaign and A is the value on their advertising rating scale. Determine the number of weeks until the effect of the advertising will fall to half (or a rating of 50) [represent the 50 with y = 50 as function #1 using desmos].
- 5. For the following system of equations, find the point of intersection.

i)
$$y = 2x$$

ii)
$$y = x^2$$

ii)
$$y = x^2$$
 iii) $y = 2^x$

Check that the point of intersection found is actually a point on all three functions. Describe the rate of increase for each of the three functions.

Answers