Before we begin, are there any questions from last day's work?

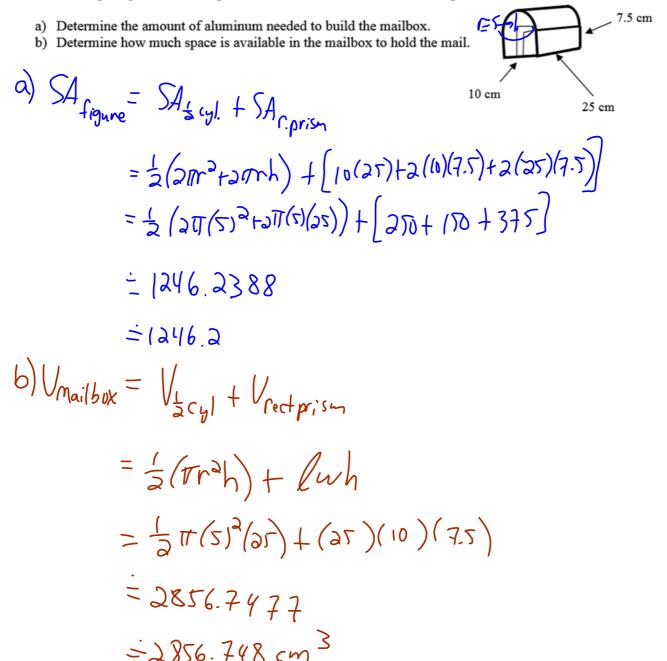
# Today's Learning Goal(s):

By the end of the class, I will be able to:

- a) calculate the surface area or volume of a 3-dimensional solid
- b) use the volume and density of a material to calculate it's mas

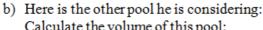
#### Last Day 6.4.2 #1

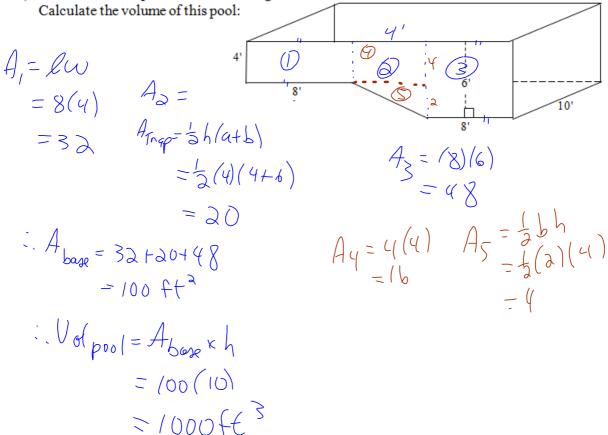
 The mailbox shown is made up of a half-cylinder attached to a rectangular prism. The rectangular prism has no top where it is attached to the half-cylinder. The half-cylinder has a radius of 5 cm. The rectangular prism has a length of 25 cm, a width of 10 cm and a height of 7.5 cm.



20'

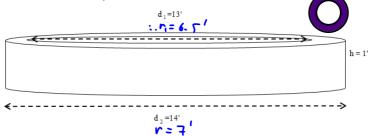
#### Last Day 6.4.2 #2b





#### Last Day 6.4.2 #3

3. The landscaping plan of schoolyard includes 3 circular gardens. Each garden will have a concrete border of uniform width, as shown below:



- a) Calculate the volume of concrete to be used to make 3 of these gardens.
   b) If concrete costs \$ 5.70/ft<sup>3</sup>, what is the price of pouring these gardens, including tax? (Note: PST is 8% and GST is 5%)
- c) The inside of the garden is to contain a 9" layer of topsoil and a 3" layer of wood chips.

i) Calculate the volume of both layers

\*Hint: It will help to have the thickness changed to feet for (ii)

ii) The cost of topsoil is 
$$50.77/1^3$$
, and the cost of wood chips is  $50.90/1^3$ .

Calculate the combined cost of topsoil and wood chips for the 3 gardens, including tax.

iii) What is the total cost of the 3 gardens?

(a)  $WV = 21.206 \text{ ft}^3$ 

$$= 69 \text{ ft}^3$$

(b)  $Cost = 69 \text{ ft}^3 \times \frac{5.70}{\text{ft}^3}$ 

$$= 69 \text{ ft}^3$$

$$= 69 \text{ ft}^3$$

(c)  $Vol_{instite}$  cylands =  $T(6.5)^2(1)$ 

$$= 132.7322$$

$$= 132.732 \text{ ft}^3$$

$$= 132.732 \text{ ft}^3$$

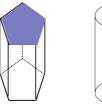
Valued chips =  $\frac{3}{12}$  ft

$$= \frac{3}{12}$$

(ord  $Vol_{instite}$  cylands =  $Vol_{instite}$  correction in the second of  $Vol_{instite}$  cylands =  $Vol_{instite}$  correction in the second of  $Vol_{instite}$  cylands =  $Vol_{instite}$  correction in the second of  $Vol_{instite}$  correcti

#### Define and discuss Prisms

- # named by the shape of the base
  - ex. triangular prism, rectangular prism, trapezoidal prism, pentagonal prism
  - # discuss slicing perpendicular to the base





### The volume of a prism can be found quickly using the formula:

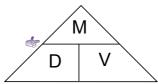
 $\text{$d$} \text{Vol}_{\text{prism}} = A_{\text{base}} x \text{ height}$ 

Ex. 1 Determine the volume of the prism if the A<sub>base</sub> is 10 cm<sup>2</sup>.



### Density formula:

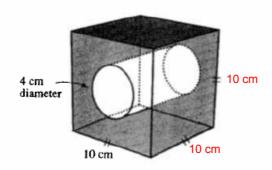
 ⊕ Density = Mass Volume



♣ The density of water is 1 g/ml.

# Example 1 6.5.2: Volume

A metal casting has the dimensions shown.



If the density of the material is 6.8 g/cm<sup>3</sup>, determine the mass of the casting, in kilograms.

Solution Any class ideas on an approach to the problem?

Determine the volume.

then multiply by the density to get the mass.

Recall: Mass = Density x Volume

$$A_{\text{base}} = A_{\text{rectangle}} - A_{\text{circle}}$$

$$= 87.4336 \times 10$$

$$= 874.336 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$= lw - \pi r^2$$

$$= (10)(10) - \pi (2)^2$$

$$= 87.4336$$

$$# = 5.945 \text{ kg}$$

## **Worksheets in Google Classroom:**

6.5.1 5, 7, 8, 10 or 12

6.5.2 4, 5, 7-9

**Project Renovation due tomorrow**