

Before we begin, are there any questions from last day's work?

Today's Learning Goal(s):

By the end of the class, I will be able to:

- a) calculate the arc length of a circle.
- b) calculate the area of a sector of a circle.

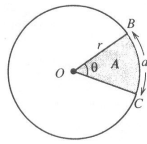
Cake Decorating assignment due today.

Project Renovation assignment past due.

6.9.1: Arc Length and Sector Area

Date: Dec 17/18

There are problems that often occur in industry that involve arcs and sectors of circles. Consider the following diagram:



A circle of radius r is drawn, with sector BOC bounded by 2 radii, OB and OC , and an arc BC , of length a . The area of the sector is A , and the sector angle at the centre O is θ , measured in degrees.

We can use the proportional relationship: $\frac{\text{arc length}}{\text{circumference}} = \frac{\text{sector area}}{\text{area of circle}} = \frac{\text{sector angle}}{\text{complete rotation}}$

So, if $\frac{a}{2\pi r} = \frac{A}{\pi r^2} = \frac{\theta}{360^\circ}$

then $\frac{a}{2\pi r} = \frac{\theta}{360^\circ}$ and $\frac{A}{\pi r^2} = \frac{\theta}{360^\circ}$

and isolating, [arc length] $a = 2\pi r \left(\frac{\theta}{360^\circ} \right)$ and [sector area] $A = \pi r^2 \left(\frac{\theta}{360^\circ} \right)$

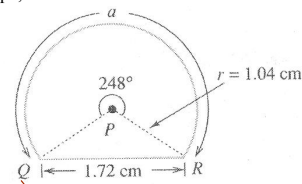
Thus both the arc length, a , and sector area, A , can be calculated once the radius, r , and the sector angle, θ , in degrees, are known.

Ex. 1 A cam for a sewing machine's stitching-control cycle is circular in shape, with a flat side, and has the dimensions shown.

a) Calculate the total perimeter of the cam. (to 3 decimal places)

$$\begin{aligned} P &= \text{---} + \text{---} \\ &= 1.72 + a \\ &\doteq 1.72 + 4.502 \\ &\doteq 6.222 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a &= \frac{\theta}{360} (2\pi r) \\ &= \frac{248^\circ}{360} (2\pi (1.04)) \\ &= 4.5015 \\ &\doteq 4.502 \end{aligned}$$



\therefore the total perimeter of the cam is 6.222 cm

b) If the cam is 0.36 cm thick and is made from an alloy whose density is 3.8 g/cm³, determine the mass of the cam. (to 3 decimal places)

Hint: the cam is a prism, Volume_{prism} = Area_{base} x height, then mass = volume x density

$$\begin{aligned} A_{\text{cam base}} &= A_{\text{prism}} \\ &= A_{\text{sector}} + A_{\text{triangle}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{\theta}{360} (\pi r^2) + \frac{1}{2} b h \\ &\doteq \frac{248^\circ}{360} (\pi (1.04)^2) + \frac{1}{2} (1.72) (0.585) \end{aligned}$$

$$\doteq 2.3408 + 0.5031$$

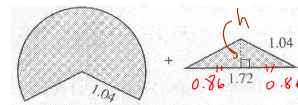
$$\doteq 2.8439$$

$$\doteq 2.844 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} V_{\text{cam}} &= A_{\text{base}} \times h \\ &\doteq 2.844 \times 0.36 \\ &\doteq 1.0238 \\ &\doteq 1.024 \text{ cm}^3 \end{aligned}$$

$$M = DV$$

$$1.04^2 = h^2 + 0.86^2$$



$$h^2 = 1.04^2 - 0.86^2$$

$$\doteq \sqrt{0.342}$$

$$\doteq 0.5848$$

$$\doteq 0.585$$

$$M = DV$$

$$\doteq \frac{3.8 \text{ g}}{\text{cm}^3} \times 1.024 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$\doteq 3.8912$$

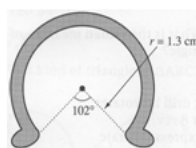
$$\doteq 3.891 \text{ g}$$

\therefore the mass of the cam is 3.891 g.

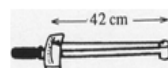
6.9.2 Arc Length and Sector Area

Date: _____

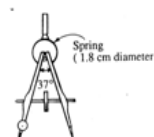
1. A snap-ring retainer clip with dimensions shown is part of a universal joint assembly, and fits snugly around the bearing cap when assembled. What length of the clip is in contact with the bearing cap? (to 2 decimal places)



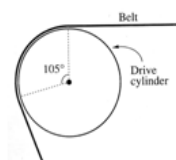
2. The pointer on a torque wrench is 42 cm long, and moves through an angle of 16° . Through what distance does the tip of the pointer move? (to 1 decimal place)



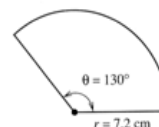
3. Calculate the length of the spring on the bow compasses shown. (to 2 decimal places)



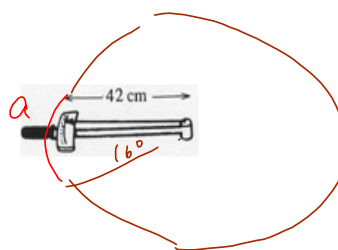
4. The belt on a copier machine is in contact with a drive cylinder over 105° of its surface, as shown. If the length of contact is 5.62 cm, what is the radius of the drive cylinder? (to 2 decimal places)



5. The vent cover on a forced air heating system is in the form of a sector of a circle. Determine the area of sheet metal used to make the vent cover. (to 1 decimal place)



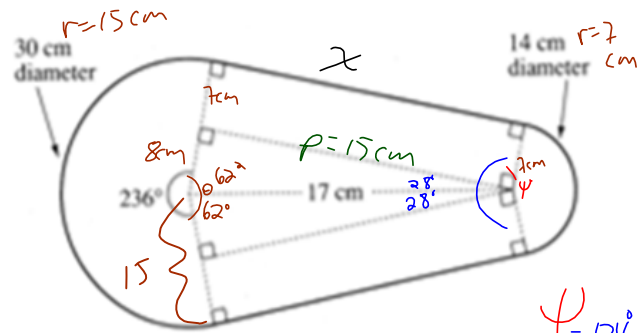
2. The pointer on a torque wrench is 42 cm long, and moves through an angle of 16° . Through what distance does the tip of the pointer move? (to 1 decimal place)



$$\begin{aligned} a &= \frac{\theta}{360} (2\pi r) \\ &= \frac{16^\circ}{360^\circ} (2\pi (42)) \\ &= \end{aligned}$$

6. The safety shield for a motor pulley drive has the dimensions shown.

- a) Calculate the perimeter of the shield. (to 1 decimal place)
b) Determine the area of the shield. (to 1 decimal place)



$$P = (\text{ } + \text{ } + \text{ }) + \text{ }$$

$$= (\text{ } + \text{ } + \text{ }) + \text{ }$$

$$= \frac{236^\circ}{360^\circ} (2\pi(15))$$

$$\approx 61.7846$$

$$\approx 61.785 \text{ cm}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{124^\circ}{360^\circ} 2\pi(7)$$

$$\approx 15.1494$$

$$\approx 15.149 \text{ cm}$$

$$\theta = 360^\circ - 236^\circ$$

$$= 124^\circ$$

$$\therefore \frac{\theta}{2} = 62^\circ$$

$$p^2 = 17^2 - 8^2$$

$$= 289 - 64$$

$$= 225$$

$$\therefore p = 15$$

$$\therefore P = 61.785 + 15 + 15.149 + 15$$

$$\approx 106.93$$

$$\approx 106.9 \text{ cm}$$

6. The safety shield for a motor pulley drive has the dimensions shown.

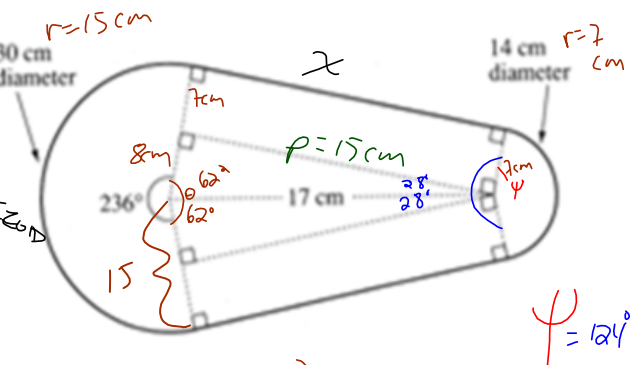
- a) Calculate the perimeter of the shield. (to 1 decimal place)
b) Determine the area of the shield. (to 1 decimal place)

$$\begin{aligned} b) A_{\text{total}} &= A_{\text{sector 1}} + A_{\text{sector 2}} + 2A_{\text{TRAPEZOID}} \\ &= 846.40 \\ &= 846.4 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_{\text{sector 1}} &= \frac{\theta}{360} \pi r^2 \\ &= \frac{236}{360} \pi (15)^2 \\ &= 463.38 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_{\text{sector 2}} &= \frac{124}{360} \pi (7)^2 \\ &= 53.02 \end{aligned}$$

A_{shield}



$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 360^\circ - 236^\circ \\ &= 124^\circ \\ \therefore \frac{\theta}{2} &= 62^\circ \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} p^2 &= 17^2 - 8^2 \\ &= 289 - 64 \\ &= 225 \\ \therefore p &= 15 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_{\text{trap}} &= \frac{1}{2} h(a+b) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} (15)(15+7) \end{aligned}$$

$$= 165$$

$$\therefore 2 \text{ TRAPEZOIDS} = 330 \text{ cm}^2$$