4.2 Relating the Standard and Vertex Forms by Completing the Square (Spring 20019) 35 129019

Are there any Homework Questions you would like to see on the board?

Today's Learning Goal(s):

By the end of the class, I will be able to:

- a) Complete the square to obtain the vertex form of a quadratic function.
- b) Complete the square with functions that involve fractional values.

? Return: CheckPoint 4.1 (Formative) Finish Correcting Unit 3 Summative

p. 204
$$|a| f(x) = 2(x-3)^{2} - 5$$

$$|a| f(x) = 2(x-3)^{2} - 5$$

$$|a| f(x) = -6(x+1)^{2} - 3$$

$$|a| f(x)$$

p. 204 8. Write the equation of the quadratic function, first in vertex form and then in standard form.

a) vertex (-4, 8) and passing through (2, -4)
$$V(-4, 8) \Rightarrow p + (2, -4)$$

$$Y = a(x+4)^{2} + 8$$

$$-4 = a(6)^{2} + 8$$

$$-4 = a(6)^{2} + 8$$

$$-4 = 36a$$

$$-12 = 369$$

$$-12 = 4$$

$$-13 = 4$$

$$-13 = 4$$

$$-13 = 4$$

$$-13 = 4$$

$$-13 = 4$$

$$-13 = 4$$

$$-13 = 4$$

$$-13 = 4$$

$$-13 = 4$$

- p. 205 **10.** The path of a ball is modelled by the quadratic function $h(t) = -5(t-2)^2 + 23$, where height, h(t), is in metres and time, t, is in seconds.
 - a) What is the maximum height the ball reaches?
 - b) When does it reach the maximum height?
 - c) When will the ball reach a height of 18 m?

$$(0) h(t) = -5(t-2)^2 + 23$$

a) max height: 23 m

6) When: 2 sec

() when
$$18m$$
?
 $(3 = -5(t-2)^2 + 23$

$$D = -5(t-2)^{2} + 33 - 18$$

$$= -5(t^{2} - 4t + 4) + 5$$

$$= -5t^{2} + 20t - 20 + 5$$

$$= -5(t^{2} - 4t + 3)$$

$$= -5(t - 3)(t - 1)$$

$$= t = 3 \text{ on } t = 1$$

it is 18m above the ground at 1 sec (on the way up) and 3 seconds (on the way down).

MCF 3MI

4.2 Relating the Standard and Vertex Forms

(by Completing the Square)

Date: 400 3/19

STANDARD FORM

VS.

VERTEX FORM

$$y = -8x^2 + 80x + 7$$

$$y = -8(x-5)^2 + 207$$

We are able to obtain "vertex form" by completing the square.

$$y = -8(x^{2} - 10x) + 7$$

$$= -8(x^{2} - 10x) + 7$$

$$=$$

Write each quadratic function in vertex form by completing the square.

a)
$$y = x^2 + 8x + 10$$

= $x^2 + 8x + (6 - (6 + (0 + 6)))$
= $(x + 4)^2 - 6$

b)
$$f(x) = -4x^2 + 24x + 5$$

 $= -4(x^2 - 6x) + 5$
 $= -4(x^2 - 6x + 3^2 - 3^2) + 5$
 $= -4(x^2 - 6x + 3^2 - 3^2) + 5$
 $= -4(x^2 - 6x + 3^2 - 3^2) + 5$
 $= -4(x^2 - 6x + 3^2 - 3^2) + 5$

Ex. 2 Write $y = 2x^2 - 3x - 4$ in vertex form. $= -4(\chi - 3)^{2} + 4$

$$y = 2(x^{2} - \frac{3}{3}x) - 4$$

$$= 2(x^{2} - \frac{3}{3}x + (\frac{3}{4})^{2} - (\frac{3}{4})^{2})$$

$$= 2(x - \frac{3}{4})^{2} + \frac{1}{2}(-\frac{9}{12}) - 4$$

$$= 2(x - \frac{3}{4})^{2} - \frac{9}{8} - \frac{32}{8}$$

$$= 2(x - \frac{3}{4})^{2} - \frac{9}{8} - \frac{32}{8}$$

$$J = 2(x^{2} - \frac{3}{5}x) - 4$$

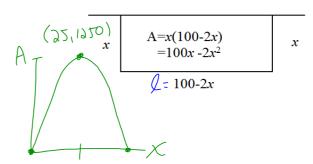
$$= 2(x^{2} - \frac{3}{5}x) - 4$$

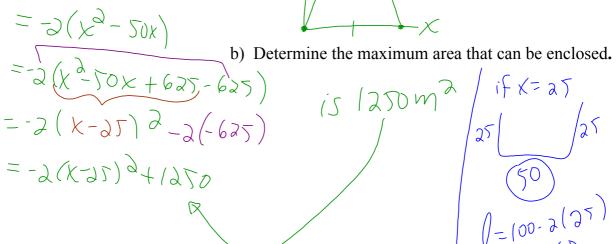
- Judy wants to fence three sides of the yard in front of her house. She bought 100 m of fence and wants the maximum area she can fence in. The function $A(x) = 100x - 2x^2$ represents the area to be enclosed, where x is the width of the yard in metres.
- a) Write the function in vertex form.

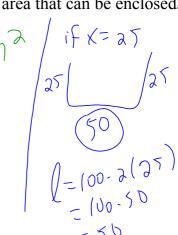
$$A(x) = 100 - 2x^{2}$$

$$= -2x^{2} + 100 x$$

$$= -2(x^{2} - 50x)$$







Today's Homework: