

Date: _____

Today's Learning Goal(s):

By the end of the class, I will be able to:

- a) simplify algebraic expressions containing rational exponents and radicals.

Last day's work: **READ p.228**

pp. 229-230 #(1 – 6)ace, 8 – 11, 12ace, 14 [16]

p. 230

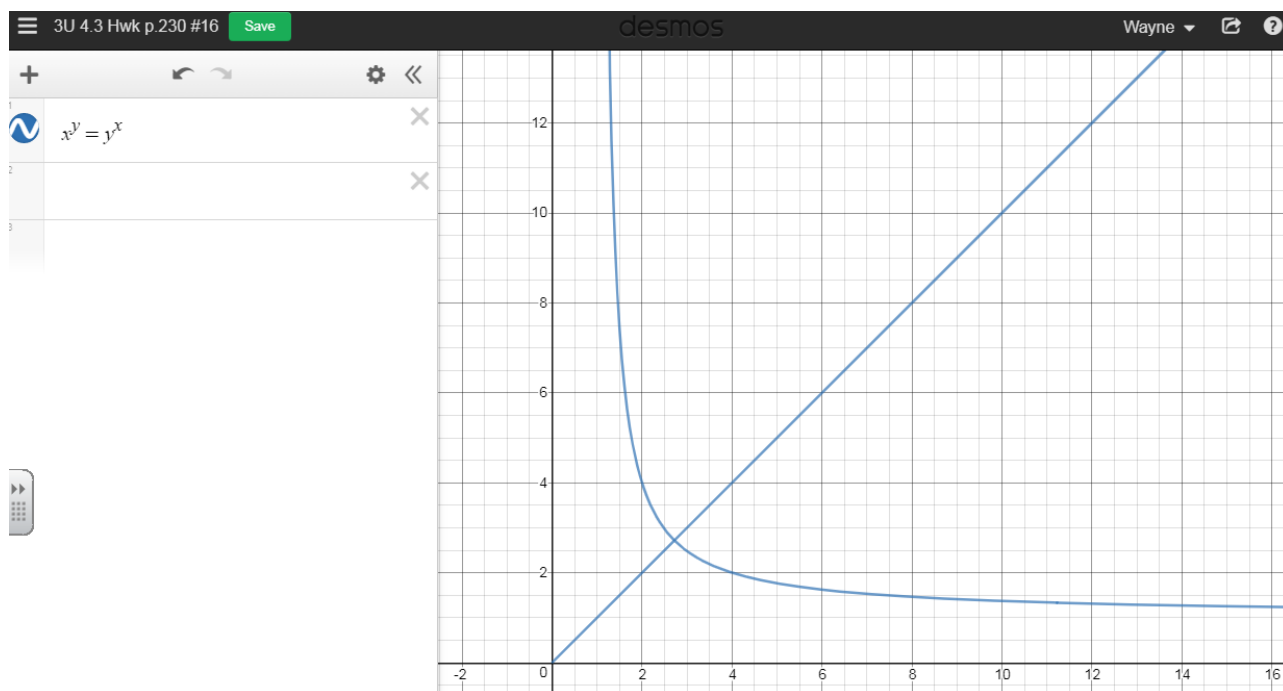
Extending

16. Given that $x^y = y^x$, what could x and y be? Is there a way to find the answer graphically?

It will always work if $x = y$

ex $x = 3 \therefore y = 3$

$3^3 = 3^3$; Using desmos



4.4 Simplifying Algebraic Expressions Involving Exponents

Date: Apr. 8/19

Ex.1 Simplify. Express answers in rational form with positive exponents.

a) $\frac{(3x^{-2}y^2)^2}{(x^3y^{-2})^3}$

Handwritten work:

$$= \frac{3^2 (x^{-2})^2 (y^2)^2}{(x^3)^3 (y^{-2})^3}$$

$$= \frac{9x^{-4}y^4}{x^9y^{-6}}$$

$$= 9x^{-4-9}y^{4-(-6)} \text{ Recall: } (ab)^n = a^n b^n$$

$$= 9x^{-13}y^{10}$$

$$= \frac{9y^{10}}{x^{13}}$$

$$\frac{9y^{10}}{x^{13}}$$

b) $\frac{(64a^{-6}b^{12})^{\frac{1}{3}}}{(16a^{-4}b^6)^{\frac{1}{2}}}$

Handwritten work:

$$= \frac{64^{\frac{1}{3}} (a^{-6})^{\frac{1}{3}} (b^{12})^{\frac{1}{3}}}{16^{\frac{1}{2}} (a^{-4})^{\frac{1}{2}} (b^6)^{\frac{1}{2}}}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt[3]{64} a^{-2} b^4}{\sqrt{16} a^{-2} b^3}$$

$$= \frac{4 a^{-2-(-2)} b^{4-3}}{4}$$

$$= 1a^0 b^1$$

$$= b$$

c) $\frac{b^{-4}}{a^{-2}}$

Handwritten work:

$$= \frac{a^2}{b^4}$$

d) $\frac{\sqrt[6]{x^8}}{\sqrt[3]{x^5}}$

Handwritten work:

$$= \frac{x^{\frac{8}{6}}}{x^{\frac{5}{3}}}$$

$$= x^{\frac{8}{6} - \frac{10}{6}}$$

$$= x^{-\frac{2}{6}}$$

$$= x^{-\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

Simplify.

$$\frac{a^2 b^{-1} c^{-3} d^5}{e^{-6} f^2 g^{-1} h^{-7}}$$

$$\frac{a^2 (\frac{1}{b}) (\frac{1}{c^3}) d^5}{\frac{1}{e^6} f^2 \frac{1}{g} \frac{1}{h^7}}$$

$$= \frac{a^2 d^5 e^6 g h^7}{b^1 c^3 f^2}$$

Ex.2 Simplify and evaluate for $x = -3$ and $n = -2$.

$$\frac{(x^{3n+1})(x^{5n-3})}{(x^{6n-3})}$$

$$= x^{3n+1+(5n-3)-(6n-3)}$$

$$= x^{3n+1+5n-3-6n+3}$$

$$= x^{2n+1}$$

$$= (-3)^{2(-2)+1}$$

$$= (-3)^{-4+1}$$

$$= (-3)^{-3}$$

$$= \frac{1}{(-3)^3}$$

$$= \frac{1}{-27}$$

Extra, if time.

$$\left(\frac{(x^{18})^{-\frac{1}{6}}}{\sqrt[5]{243x^{10}}} \right)^{0.5}$$

$$= \left(\frac{x^{-3}}{3x^{\frac{10}{5}}} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$= \left(\frac{x^{-3}}{3x^2} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{3x^2x^3} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{3} x^{-3-2} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} = \left(\frac{1}{3x^5} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{3} x^{-5} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{3x^5}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} \left(x^{-\frac{5}{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^5}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{1}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^5}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{3x^5}}$$

Are there any Homework Questions you would like to see on the board?

Last day's work: **READ p.228**

pp. 229-230 #(1 – 6)ace, 8 – 11, 12ace, 14 [16]

The mid-chapter review is good practice for Tuesday's quiz!

SWYK Tuesday

Today's Homework Practice includes:

pp. 235-237 #(1 – 2)ace, 3, (4 – 9)ace [14]

Review p. 239