

Are there any questions from last day's assigned work you would like to see on the board?

Correct 3.1.1 from previous lesson

Check "Part C", and Last day's Assigned Pracce: 3.1.3

Today's Learning Goal(s):

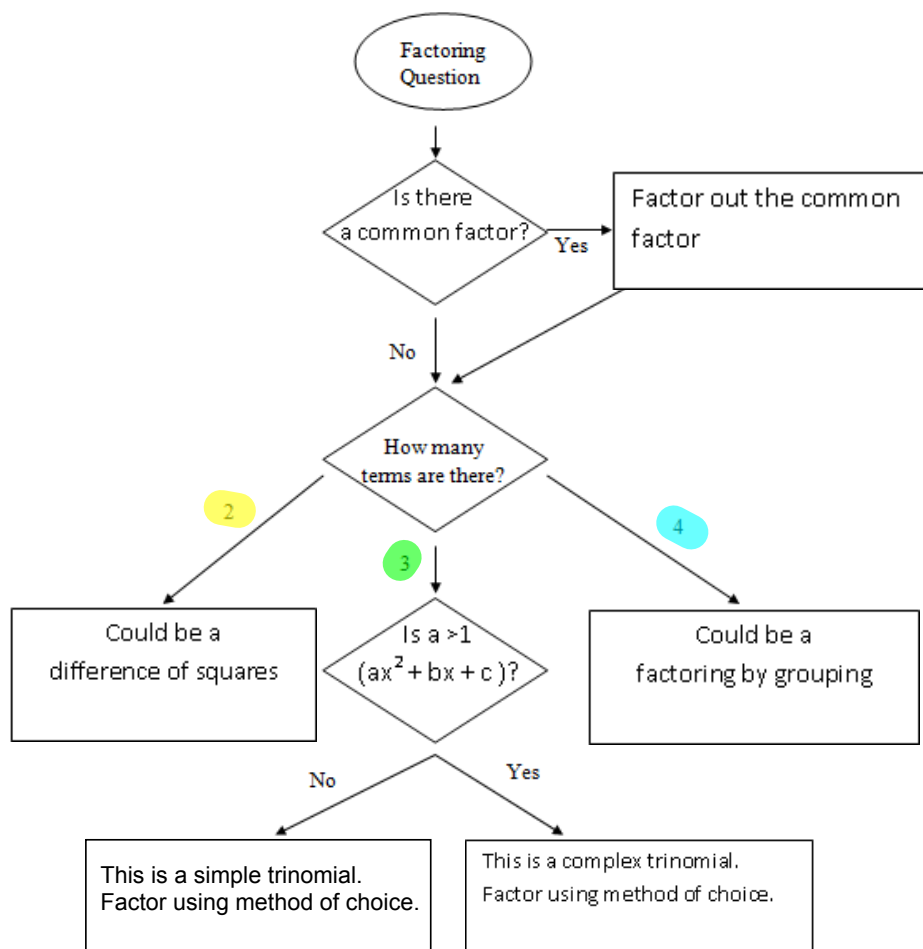
By the end of the class, I will be able to:

- a) factor any polynomial using common factoring first.
- b) factor a binomial which is a difference of squares.
- c) factor various trinomials.
- d) use grouping and the methods above to factor cubic and quartic expressions.

3.2.2: Factoring Strategies

Date: Oct. 10/19

Factoring is the process where a polynomial expression is written as a product of other algebraic expressions.



Factoring is used to solve polynomial equations and to graph polynomial function
Factoring will be used in this unit to accomplish these tasks.

3.2.3: Let's Practice Factoring

Date: Oct. 10/19

1. Factor by common factoring.

a) $a^3b^2 + ab^3$ b) $25x^8 - 30x^5 + 35x$ c) $7x(x+2) - 5(x+2)$

$$= ab^2(a^2 + b) = 5x(5x^7 - 6x^4 + 7) = (x+2)(7x-5)$$

$$y^2 + 0y - 81$$

2. Factor as a difference of squares.

a) $y^2 - 81$ b) $9m^2 - 1$ c) $169x^2 - 144z^2$

$$= (y-9)(y+9) = (3m+1)(3m-1) = (13x-12z)(13x+12z)$$

3. Factor as a simple trinomial.

a) $t^2 + 3t - 10$ P: -10 S: 3

$$= t^2 + 5t - 2t - 10$$

$$= t(t+5) - 2(t+5)$$

$$= (t+5)(t-2)$$

b) $x^2 - 10x - 24$

$$= (x+2)(x-12)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 - 24 \\ 2 - 12 \\ 3 - 8 \\ 4 - 6 \\ 5 - 5 \end{array}$$

c) $x^2 - 8x + 16$

$$= (x-4)(x-4)$$

d) $x^4 + 6x^2 + 8$

$$= (x^2+2)(x^2+4)$$

4. Factor.

a) $3m^2 - m - 30$ P: -90 S: -1

$$= 3m^2 + 9m - 10m - 30$$

$$= 3m(m+3) - 10(m+3)$$

$$= (m+3)(3m-10)$$

c) $7x^2 + x - 8$

$$= 7x^2 + 8x - 7x - 8$$

$$= x(7x+8) - 1(7x+8)$$

$$= (7x+8)(x-1)$$

b) $8m^2 - 5m - 3$ P: -24 S: -5

$$= 8m^2 + 3m - 8m - 3$$

$$= m(8m+3) - 1(8m+3)$$

$$= (8m+3)(m-1)$$

5. Factor by grouping.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } & \underline{a^2 - 2a} + \underline{ad - 2d} \\ & = a(a-2) + d(a-2) \\ & = (a-2)(a+d) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } & \underline{x^4 - 3x^3} + \underline{2x - 6} \\ & = x^3(x-3) + 2(x-3) \\ & = (x-3)(x^3+2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{c) } & \underline{y^3 + y^2} + \underline{2y + 2} \\ & = y^2(y+1) + 2(y+1) \\ & = (y^2+2)(y+1) \end{aligned}$$

6. Factor fully. It might be necessary to use more than one factoring strategy in order to fully factor these polynomial expressions.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } & x^3 - 3x^2 + 2x \\ & = x(x^2 - 3x + 2) \\ & = x(x-2)(x-1) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } & 2x^4 - 18x^2 \\ & = 2x^2(x^2 - 9) \\ & = 2x^2(x-3)(x+3) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{c) } & \underline{x^3 - x^2} - \underline{4x + 4} \\ & = x^2(x-1) - 4(x+1) \\ & = (x-1)(x^2-4) \\ & = (x-1)(x-2)(x+2) \end{aligned}$$

Today's Assigned Practice includes: 3.2.4 & 3.2.5
Factoring Quiz 3.1 on Wednesday, Oct. 16, 2019